



Factors that drive the Construction of Reservoirs



- Change in Operational Philosophy in Reservoir Zone
- Ageing Infrastructure
 - > Maintenance Contracts.
- Development Driven
 - Cornubia
 - Umhlanga New Town Centre
- Demand exceeding the Supply
 - > Population Growth

Development Driven



Umhlanga New Town Centre

- Umhlanga 2 Compartment 3 (Upgraded 10Ml, total 25Ml)
- Gateway Reservoir (5MI)
- Proposed, Zinga Reservoir (5MI)

Cornubia

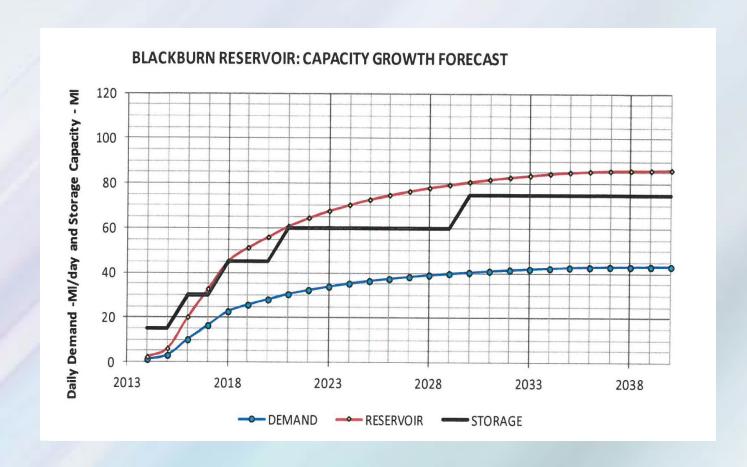
Proposed Facilities based on

- Blackburn Reservoir (full capacity 105MI, current 17.5MI)
- Cornubia Elevated Tower (1.2Ml) (proposed)
- Blackburn Steel Elevated Tower (900kl) (proposed)

Development Driven

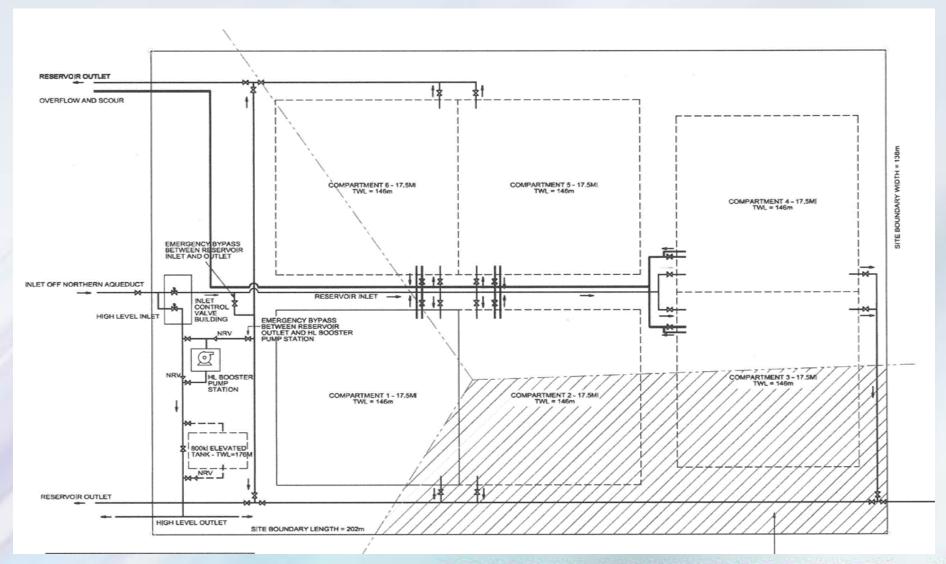


Modelling of Blackburn Reservoir based on development projections



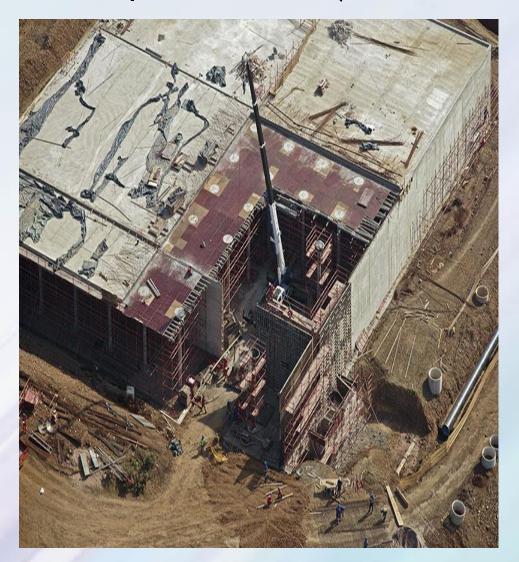
Development Driven (Blackburn Reservoir Ultimate Capacity)





Development Driven (Blackburn Reservoir Cell 1)



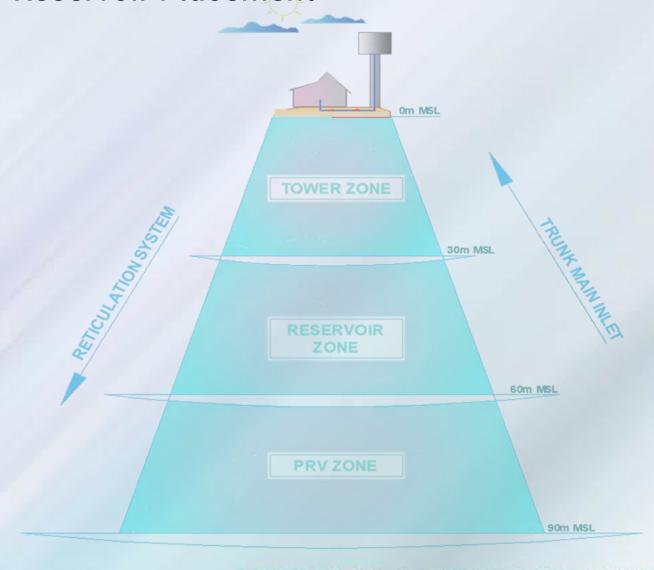






EWS standards of Reservoir Placement





The effects of Population growth vs EWS standards





Amagcino Reservoir

- Current Capacity 2Ml
- Upgrade req. Additional 3Ml

Population Growth



TRADING SERVICES CLUSTER WATER AND SANITATION GROWTH WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY FROM 2003 TO 2022 SHOWING DEVELOPMENT EXPANSION

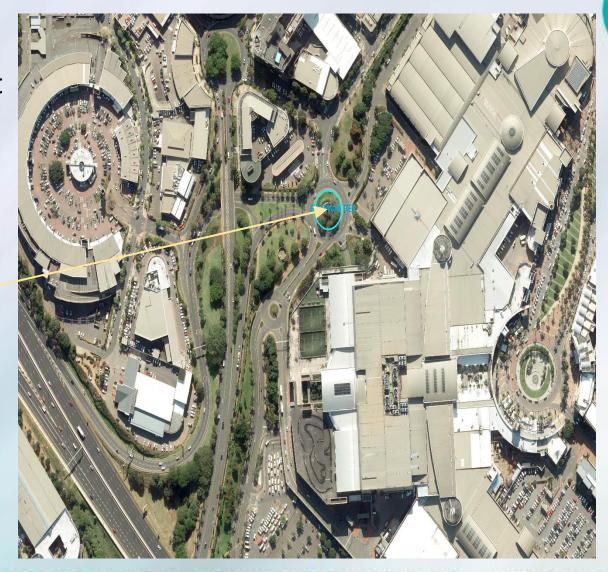
by EWS GIS Section

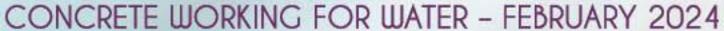


- Blending in with the Environment
- Accommodate landowner requests
- Conflict resolutions
- Community Partnerships

Blending in with the Environment







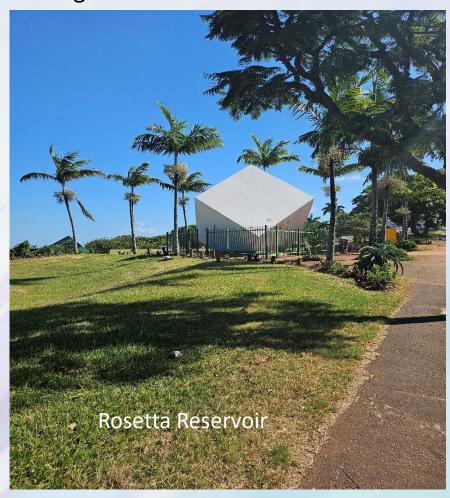
CEMENT & CONCRETE SA

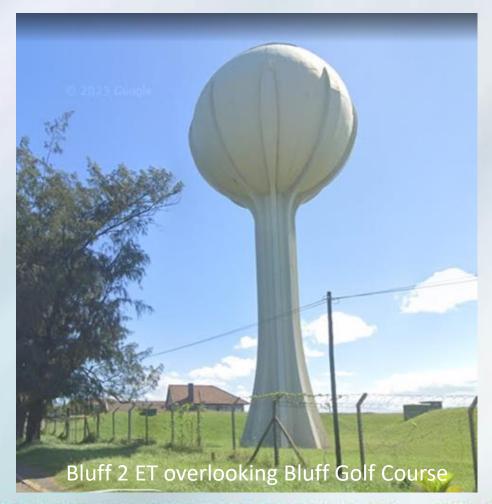
Blending in with the Environment



CEMENT & CONCRETE SA

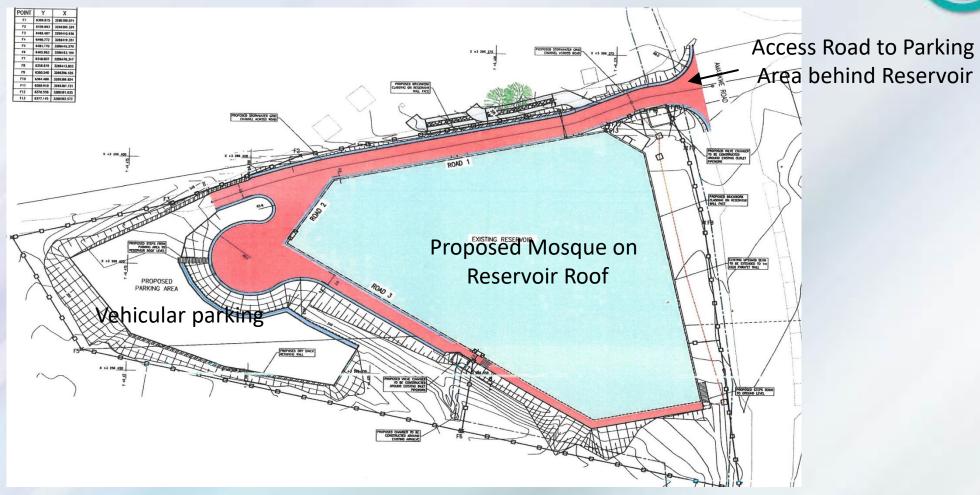
Blending in with the Environment





Accommodate Landowner Requests: Amaotana Reservoir





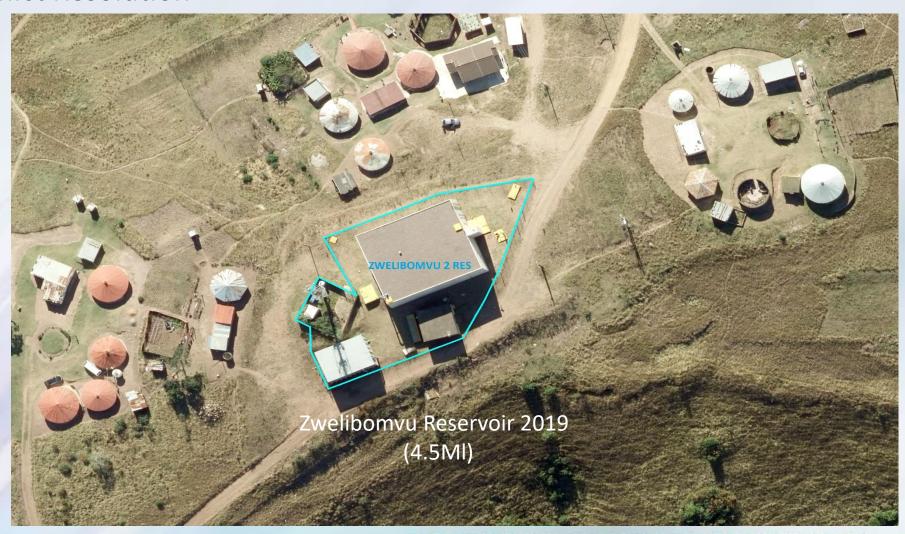
• Conflict Resolution





• Conflict Resolution







Community Partnerships: Umlazi 7 Reservoir







- Influences the Reservoir's:
 - Shape (Circular/Square/Trapezoidal)
 - Depth(Increased wall heights/Fully or partially buried
 - Capability to Expand to Demand

Design Standards



Amendment to SANS 1200G: Structural Concrete

- No addition of water
- Monitoring of weather conditions prior to all concrete pours
- Reduction in Temperature limits during pours
- Limits of discharge times
- Strict Test and Site Controls
- Curing Limitations

Design Standards



Compliance of these standards ensure:

- Lifespan of 50 years on the structure
- Reduction of Cracks (design limit of 0.1-0.2mm)
- Flexural Strength
- Water Tightness of Structure

Compliance of these standards



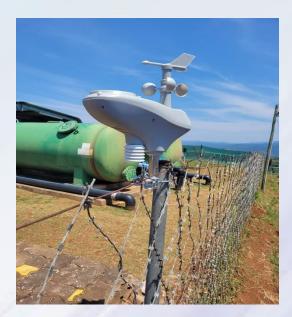
Strict Construction Controls



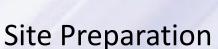
Watertight Structure



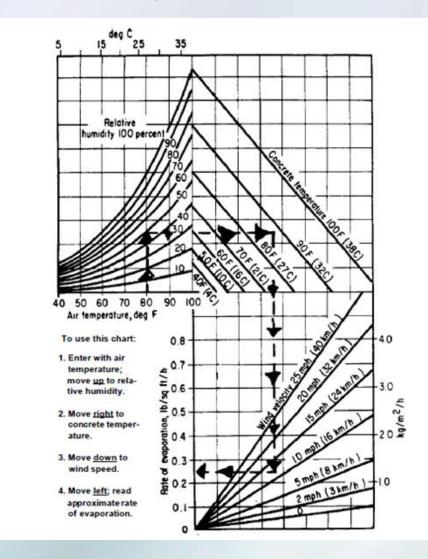








- Installation of Weather Station
 - > Free from vandalism
 - Obstruction
 - Elevated and exposed to all the elements
 - Geographical orientated







Site Preparation

- Ready Mix Concrete Approval
 - Location of Batch plantcompliance with 90min batching to discharge tolerance
 - Mix Design Approval- compliance of specification (materials) and the risk of non-compliance





Pouring of Structural Concrete-Monitoring of weather conditions





- Temperature
- Humidity
- Wind Speed and Direction

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Pouring of Structural Concrete-Surface Preparation



- Cleanliness of Surface, free from debris
- Quality of Shutter Oil and removal of excess
- Reinforcing steel according to design
- Sufficient Cover
- Water stops adequately secured
- Concrete Cube Moulds prepped.





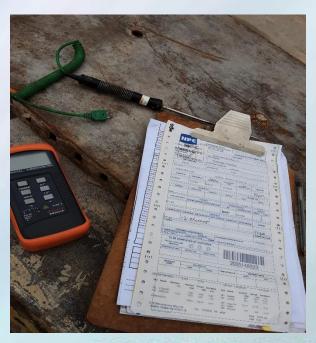
Poor quality shutter oil

Pouring of Structural Concrete





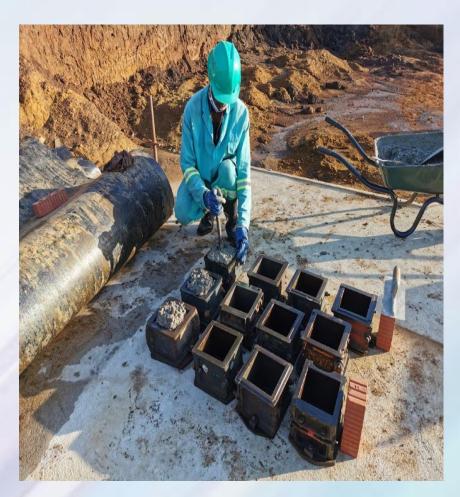
- Mix design
- The dispatch time and arrival time
- Temperature
- Slump





Pouring of Structural Concrete-Concrete Cubes





Volume of pour (m ³)	Number of sets
0 – 25	2
26 – 50	4
51 – 100	6
101 – 200	8
+ 201	10 (or as required by the Engineer)

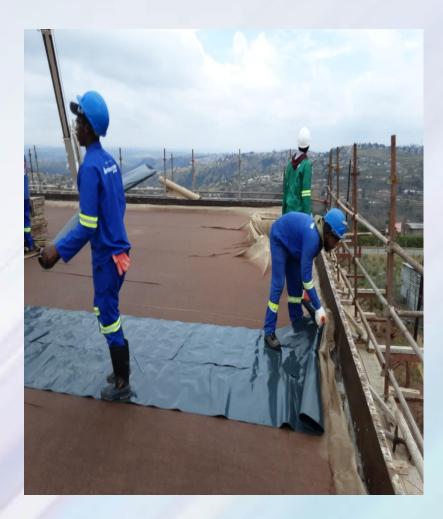




CONCRETE WORKING FOR WATER - FEBRUARY 2024

Curing of Structural Concrete: SANS 1200G 5.5.8 (a-d)





- The use of curing compounds not permitted
- Only potable water
- Wetted Hessian sacking to be used in conjunction plastic sheeting on certain elements.
- Certain curing method's certain structure components



Further Testing Requirements

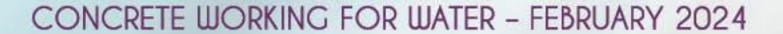
• Concrete Strength- concrete cubes



Acceptance Category	Strength Cs = Average minimum strength for 3 cubes at 28 days (Mpa)	
Characteristic strength for water retaining structures	35	
Full acceptance	C _S ≥ 37	
Conditional acceptable	33 ≤ CS < 37	
Rejection	Cs < 33	

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Date cast	Delivery Note	7D Cube	7D Cube 2	7D Cube 3	7 day Avg	28D Cube 1	28D Cube 2	28D Cube 3	28 day Avg
2022/08/16	770871	46.7	51.5	53.4	50.5	72.3	69.2	64.8	68.8
2022/09/12	771039	52.5	50.3	52.1	51.6	62.9	66.7	66.6	65.4
2022/09/12	771046	51.2	49.1	51.1	50.5	73.1	66.8	67.4	69.1
2022/09/22	771116	59.2	57.7	57.2	58.0	71.7	72.1	73.5	72.4
2022/09/26	771134	59.5	60.5	55.9	58.6	74.3	76.0	76.9	75.7
2022/09/26	771141	56.8	59.1	57.5	57.8	68.5	74.6	74.1	72.4
2022/10/12	771255	43.8	43.7	45.6	44.4	62.0	61.4	59.9	61.1
2022/10/12	771266	47.8	45.5	45.0	46.1		00		3
2022/10/21	771337	42.3	44.5	47.5	44.8		41	91	





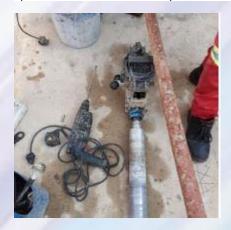


Further Testing Requirements

- Durability Index water sorptivity
 - oxygen permeability
 - chloride conductivity

Table / - Acceptance criteria for durability testing structural element

Acceptance Category	Oxygen permeability index (log scale)	Water sorptivity (mm h)	Chloride Conductivity
Full acceptance	O _p ≥ 9.15	W ₅ ≤ 8	C _c ≤ 0.75
Conditional acceptance	9.15 ≥ p > 9.0	8 < Ws ≤ 12	0.75 < C _c ≤ 1.50
Acceptance with remedial measures	9.0 ≥ p > 8.75	12 < W ₅ ≤ 15	1.50 < C _c ≤ 2.50
Rejection	O _p < 8.75	W _s > 15	C _c > 2.50





OPI (log value)			
Sample	A - 552/4249/A	10.78	
	B - 552/4250/A	10.74	
	C - 552/4251/A	10.02	
	D - 552/4252/A	10.41	
AV	/ERAGE	10.37	
	CoV	87.12	
Sorptivity (mm/\	hr)		
Sample	A - 552/4249/A	4.43	
	B - 552/4250/A	4.42	
	C - 552/4251/A	3.54	
	D - 552/4252/A	4.71	
AV	/ERAGE	4.28	
	CoV	11.96	
Chloride Conduc	ctivity (mS/cm)		
Sample	A - 552/4253/B	0.38	
	B - 552/4254/B	0.37	
11/	C - 552/4255/B	0.37	10
	D - 552/4256/B	0.40	
AVERAGE		0.38	
	CoV	3.7	



Further Testing Requirements

Concrete Cover



TABLE 8 - ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR CONCRETE COVER

Acceptance Category	Concrete Cover (mm) (for specified cover of 50mm)
Full acceptance	70 > C _d ≥ 50
Conditional acceptance	45 ≤ C _d < 50
Acceptance with remedial measures	40 ≤ C _d < 45
Rejection	C _d < 40, C _d > 70

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Further Testing Requirements

- Water Tightness Testing of Structure and Roof
 - ➤ Roof prior to testing of structure
 - flooding of the entire roof, maintain a depth of 100mm over 72hrs
 - Structure no backfilling
 - interior surface cleaned and hosed
 - specified filling rate
 - 7-day absorption period
 - 7-day testing period with limitation to allowed drop of levels





Consequences of not maintaining Design Controls

High Wind Speeds and Low Temperatures







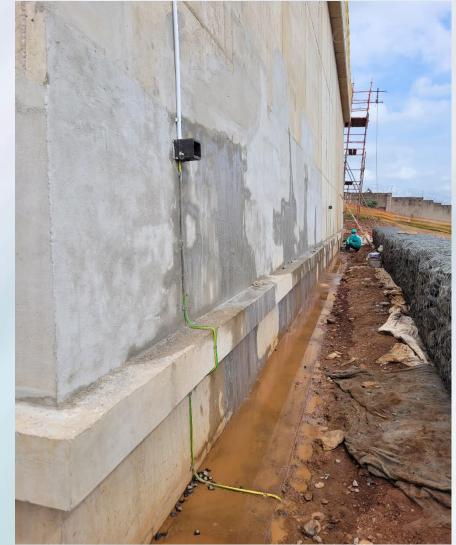




Consequences of not maintaining Design Controls

Insufficient vibration







Consequences of maintaining Design Controls

Maintaining the temperature during Summer







Concrete outside the maximum temperature threshold is rejected

Installation of Chilling Plants

Consequences of maintaining Design Controls







FUN FACTS

eThekwini Water and Sanitation Unit operates and maintains:

- 14 500km of watermains
- ±380 water storage facilities with a combined total capacity of 1680ML (1.6 billion litres)
- Approx. 1-million-meter connection points



Thank yow!!!